



PANCHSHEEL PUBLIC SCHOOL

10+2 Senior Secondary School (Affiliated & Recognized by CBSE)
Jaitpur, Badarpur, New Delhi-44

Revision Test 2023-24

TIME: 1.5 HOURS

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

Class: X

M.M. - 60

SECTION A

Choose the correct option (1×12=12)

1. **Which one of the following statements is not an argument in favour of multipurpose river projects?**

- (a) Multi-purpose projects bring water to those areas which suffer from water scarcity.
- (b) Multi-purpose projects by regulating water flow help to control floods.
- (c) Multi-purpose projects lead to large scale displacements and loss of livelihood.
- (d) Multi-purpose projects generate electricity for our industries and our homes.

2. **Which one of the following is the main cause of land degradation in Madhya Pradesh?**

- (a) Intensive cultivation
- (b) Deforestation
- (c) Over-irrigation
- (d) Overgrazing

3. **Which of these statements is the valid reason for depletion of wildlife ?**

- (a) Agricultural expansion.
- (b) Large scale developmental projects.
- (c) Grazing and fuelwood collection.
- (d) Rapid industrialisation and urbanisation

4. **Employment figure of the country are based on data Collected from 5 yearly survey On employment or unemployment. Which organization conduct the survey**

- a) NSSO—National Sample Survey Organisation
- (b) NREGA 2005—National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005
- (c) ILO — International Labour Organisation
- (d) Census of India

5. **Which of the following subjects is included in the union list**

- (a) Law and order
- (b) National Defence
- (c) Education
- (d) Agriculture

6. **In Belgium, there were tensions between the Dutch-speaking and _____-speaking communities during the 1950s and 1960s.**

- a) German

- b) French

c) English

d) Russian

7. **Precious metals, particularly _____, from mines located in present-day Peru and Mexico enhanced Europe's wealth and financed its trade with Asia.**

a) Copper

b) Bauxite

c) Iron Ore

d) Silver

8. Assertion (A) : Language, too, played an important role in developing nationalist sentiments.

Reason (R) : After Russian occupation, the Polish language was welcomed in schools and the Russian language was forced out.

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

(b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

(c) A is true but R is false.

(d) A is false but R is true.

9. **The Equal Remuneration Act of _____ provides that equal wages should be paid to equal work.**

a) 1986

b) 1976

c) 1966

d) 1972

10. Which of the following crops are grown with the onset of monsoons and are harvested in the month of april and june?

(a) Rabi

(b) Kharif

(c) Zaid

(d) None of the above

11. _____ used to say that religion can never be separated from politics. He believed that politics must be guided by ethics drawn from religion.

a) C Rajagopalachari

b) Sardar Patel

c) Gandhiji

d) Nehru

12. Which of the following statements is true?

a) The Constitution of India allows the state to intervene in matters of religion in order to ensure equality within religious communities.

b) Constitution prohibits discrimination on the grounds of religion.

c) The Constitution provides to all individuals and communities freedom to profess, practise and propagate any religion or not to follow any.

d) All of the above

SECTION B

Very Short Answer Type Questions (2×5=10)

13. State different forms of communal politics with one example each.

14. What are the status of women situation after independence in India?

15. What are the importance of silk route ?

16. How can you say that the tertiary sector is important in India?

17. Third fourth of the earth's surface is covered with water but there is still scarcity of water across the globe. explain two reasons.

SECTION C

18. Read the source given below and answer the following Questions

Following the defeat of Napoleon in 1815, European governments were driven by a spirit of conservatism. Conservatives believed that established, traditional institutions of state and society – like the monarchy, the Church, social hierarchies, property and the family – should be preserved. Most conservatives, however, did not propose a return to the society of pre-revolutionary days. Rather, they realised, from the changes initiated by Napoleon, that modernisation could in fact strengthen traditional institutions like the monarchy. It could make state power more effective and strong. A modern army, an efficient bureaucracy, a dynamic economy and the abolition of feudalism and serfdom could strengthen the autocratic monarchies of Europe. In 1815, representatives of the European powers – Britain, Russia, Prussia and Austria – who had collectively defeated Napoleon, met at Vienna to draw up a settlement for Europe. The Congress was hosted by the Austrian Chancellor Duke Metternich. The delegates drew up the Treaty of Vienna of 1815 with the object of undoing most of the changes that had come about in Europe during the Napoleonic wars. The Bourbon dynasty, which had been deposed during the French Revolution, was restored to power, and France lost the territories it had annexed under Napoleon. A series of states were set up on the boundaries of France to prevent French expansion in future

12.1 What did conservatives focus on at the Congress of Vienna? (2)

12.2 Who host the Treaty of Vienna? (1)

12.3 What Do you mean by conservatism?(1)

13 Read the source given below and answer the following Questions

~~The soil is a living system. It takes millions of years to form soil upto a few cm in depth. Relief, parent rock or bed rock, climate, vegetation and other forms of life and time are important factors in the formation of~~

soil. On the basis of the factors responsible for soil formation, colour, thickness, texture, age, chemical and physical properties, the soils of India are classified in different types. India has varied relief features, landforms, climatic realms and vegetation types. These have contributed in the development of various types of soils.

Answer the following questions;

13.1 What do you mean by soil erosion? (2)

13.2 Write different type of soils? (1)

13.3 Which factors are responsible for soil formation? (1)

SECTION D

Long Answer Type Questions(2×5=10)

14. What do you mean by land use pattern? Name the factor that determine the use of land.

15. Explain the horizontal and vertical power shaing arrangement.

Or

Kerala, with lower per capita income, has a better human development ranking than Haryana. Hence, per capita income is not a useful criterion at all and should not be used to compare states. Do you agree? Discuss.

SECTION E

16. Locate and label the following with appropriate symbols on the same given outline political map of India (1×5=5)

i) Red soil area

ii) Salal Dam

iii) Largest producer of Wheat

iv) Red laterite soil area

v) Terrace farming area