

**PANCHSHEEL PUBLIC SCHOOL**

10+2 Senior Secondary School (Affiliated & Recognized by CBSE)  
Jaitpur, Badarpur, New Delhi-44

**MID Term Revision Paper 2023-24**

**Time:** 2 Hour.

**Subject:** Social Studies

**Class:** VI.

**Marks:** 50

**Name:**.....

**Roll No.**.....

**Section** .....

**Date:** .....

**I. Choose the correct option from the following: (1/2×6=3)**

- Most of the seals in Harappa civilization were made of  
(a) Bitumen (b) Terracotta (c) Tar (d) Stone
- Which popular drink was prepared from milk and juice of a rare plant that grew on the mountains?  
(a) Sura (b) Soma (c) Amrit (d) Ghee
- In which hemisphere is the Antarctic Circle located?  
(a) Northern (b) Eastern (c) Southern (d) Western

4. Which of the following factors is not responsible for the phenomenon of seasons?

- a) Rotation of the earth b) Revolution of the earth c) earth inclination d) Gravitational pull of sun.

5. Which mountain range separates Europe from Asia?

- a) The Andes b) The Himalayas  
c) The Alps. d) The Urals

6. The Gram panchayat is headed by

- a) Gram Sabha b) Pradhan c) Panchayati Raj d) women

**Q 2- Read the following sentence and correct the wrong statement: (3×1=3)**

- South Africa is the only continent which is both populous and prosperous.
- The light that we get from the sun before the actual sunrise is called dusk.
- Kalibangan and Banawali were the most important indus cities.

**III. Fill in the blanks: (3×1=3)**

- The \_\_\_\_ cut each other at right angles.
- \_\_\_\_ is the second largest continent.
- Our country follows the system of \_\_\_\_\_ democracy.

**IV. Define the following( Any two) (2×1=3)**

1. Gram Sabha
2. Hydrosphere
3. Citadel

**Q V – Differentiate the following:**

**1-Sabha and Samiti**

**2-Solstice and equinox**

**3-Hydrosphere and Atmosphere**

**4 -Block Samiti and Zila Parishad**

**VI-ANSWER the following questions in one sentence:**

**(3×1=3)**

1. Which is the longest mountain chain?
2. What is universal adult franchise ?
3. Which continent lies between the both sides of the equator?

**QVII-Answer the following questions in brief :**

**(4×3=12)**

1. How are human beings disturbing the delicate balance of nature?
2. Why is the panchayati Raj System very important in a large country like ours?
3. What may have happened for the Harappa civilization to decline?
4. Describe the pottery and stone tools found at Inamgaon.

**Q VIII-Answer the following questions in details :**

**(4×2=8)**

1. What are the archaeological sources for the Vedic age?
2. How are human beings disturbing the delicate balance of nature?

**Q IX -On an outline map of India mark the following places:**

**(3×1=3)**

1. Lothal
2. Banawali
3. Harappa

**Q X-Draw the diagram of the structure of the atmosphere;**

Q XI - Identify this picture and write 2 sentence about it.



**Q XII- Read the paragraph and answers the following questions:**

The ashwamedha or horse sacrifice ceremony was often performed by powerful kings. The king wishing to perform the ceremony set a horse free to roam through the kingdom of other rulers. If a king allowed this sacred horse to pass through his territory, it indicated that he had accepted the superiority of the first king. But if a king stopped the horse, it meant that he was challenging the authority of the first king, and a battle followed. Such a challenge at the end of the whole process was a grand ceremony. Kings of the neighbouring kingdoms were invited to it. The king who was to perform the sacrifice was proclaimed the King of Kings. Priests chanted tales of his glory, performed rituals, and sprinkled sacred water on him. At the end of the ceremony, the horse was sacrificed as a gift to the gods.

Q 1- What was Ashwamedha?

Q 2- By whom the Ashwamedha was performed?

Q 3- Who were invited at the grand ceremony?

Q 4- Fill in the blanks.

Priests chanted tales of the king's glory, performed rituals and sprinkled \_\_\_\_\_ water on him.